

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE  
EASTERN DIVISION

PENNSYLVANIA HIGHER  
EDUCATION ASSISTANCE  
AGENCY,

Plaintiff,

v.

MARCUS E. MEEKINS,

Defendant.

Case No. 1:10-cv-1082-JDB-egb

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**REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION  
FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT**

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Plaintiff has moved for a default judgment against Defendant Marcus E. Meekins pursuant to Rule 55 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. A Complaint against Defendant was filed on April 7, 2010. Defendant was served with process on April 14, 2010. Default was entered by the Clerk against Defendant on June 29, 2010. Defendant has not filed an Answer or otherwise responded to the Complaint. Plaintiff seeks judgment in the amount of Thirty-Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty-One Dollars and Nine Cents (\$34,731.09), plus prejudgment interest in the amount of \$132.34, post judgment interest, and attorney's fees and costs.

If a defendant fails to plead or defend as required by the Rules, the clerk or judge may enter default upon a plaintiff's request. Rule 55(a); Shepard Claims Service, Inc. v. William Darrah & Associates, 796 F.2d 190, 194 (6th Cir. 1986) (When a defendant fails

to file a responsive answer, he is in default, and an entry of default may be made by either the clerk or the judge). Then, if no hearing is needed to ascertain damages, judgment by default may be entered. Rule 55(b). United Coin Meter Co., Inc. v. Seaboard Coastline RR., 705 F.2d 839, 844 (6th Cir. 1983) (citing Meehan v. Snow, 652 F.2d 274 (2nd Cir. 1981).

When a court determines that a defendant is in default, the factual allegations of the Complaint, except those relating to the amount of damages, will be taken as true. Geddes v. United Financial Group, 559 F.2d 557, 560 (9th Cir. 1977); Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(d); Wright, Miller & Kane, *Federal Practice and Procedure: Civil 2d* 2688. Therefore, after receiving a default, plaintiff must still establish the extent of damages to which he is entitled. Kelley v. Carr, 567 F. Supp. 831, 841 (W.D. Mich.1983). However, if the damages sought by the plaintiff are a sum certain or a sum that can be made certain by computation, judgment will generally be entered for that amount without an evidentiary hearing. Wright, Miller & Kane, *Federal Practice and Procedure: Civil 2d* 2688.

Here, the Magistrate Judge recommends that the Plaintiff's Motion for Default Judgment be GRANTED. As to the issue of damages, Plaintiff in this case seeks the Thirty-Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty-One Dollars and Nine Cents (\$34,731.09) owed the Plaintiff. The damages sought here are of a sum certain, as they are an amount contractually agreed to by the parties, and thus, the Magistrate recommends that the Plaintiff be awarded Thirty-Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty-One Dollars and Nine Cents (\$34,731.09).

Additionally, the Magistrate Judge recommends that Plaintiffs' attorney's fees of Two Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty-Four Dollars (\$2,784) be awarded along with

court costs of \$350, prejudgment interest of \$132.34, and post-judgment interest.

Plaintiffs have provided their attorney's Affidavit and itemized, detailed invoices documenting the expenses incurred. The Magistrate Judge finds the fees and costs sought to be fair and reasonable.

Furthermore, it is ORDERED that the Clerk shall serve this Report and Recommendation upon the Defendant, Marcus Meekins, at the address listed on his Summons [D.E. 4].

Respectfully submitted,

s/Edward G. Bryant  
EDWARD G. BRYANT  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Date: September 28, 2010

**ANY OBJECTIONS OR EXCEPTIONS TO THIS REPORT MUST BE FILED WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AFTER BEING SERVED WITH A COPY OF THE REPORT. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). FAILURE TO FILE THEM WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS MAY CONSTITUTE A WAIVER OF OBJECTIONS, EXCEPTIONS, AND ANY FURTHER APPEAL.**